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NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY CENTRAL SECURITY SERVICE

FORT GEORGE G. MEADE. MARYLAND 20755-6009 Serial: N5P/017/98

01 April 1998

Mr. T. Jeremy Gunn **Executive Director** Assassination Records Review Board 600 E Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20530

Dear Mr. Gunn:

(U) In response to your letter of November 28,	1997, we tasked	
appropriate elements of the NSA Operations and the	NSA Archives elements to	
search for information responsive to your questions.		
my staff reviewed our United States Intelligence Boar		
Subcommittee record holdings. The following representations of the subcommittee record holdings.		
response of these elements.	44 USC 2107(5)(g)(2)(D)(
(TS GGO) Question #1: What were NSA targeting priorities	es and capabilities	
against Cuba during the period 19	963-1964? Including	
records of the U.S. Communications Intelligence	(COMINT) Board.	
what records does NSA possess on tasking and		
capabilities? In particular, did NSA target comm		
Havana and (During the meeting N		
Fogarty suggested that the Army Security Agend		
in 1963 targeting	although its	
operations did not meet with great success.) Mr.		
Mr. (Howard K.? Harold? Johnny?) Johnson, a fo		
might have more specific knowledge of such an	operation and that you	
could contact him.		
(TO CCC) ANOTHER A LOCALITY C	the of the HCID	
(TS CCO) ANSWER: A record of the SIGINT St		
from August 1993 provides a recap of the USIB SIGINT Subcommittee's Priority		
	National Intelligence Objectives. Included in this recap are objectives	
[requirements] to obtain information on 1) Soviet and		
capabilities, 2) Soviet and Cuban capabilities, intent	ions, and efforts to initiate	

DRV FM: NSA/CSS Manual 123-2 Dated: 24 February 1998

DECL ON: X1,X3,X5,X6,X7,X8

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44 USC 2107(5)(g)(2)(D)(i)

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(TSC) An NSA COMINT Technical Report (A5/A6 COMINT TECHNICAL		
REPORT #1-66- A Survey of Soviet Communications in Cubal regarding SIGINT		
results of the targeting of Cuba was reviewed by Dr. Hall. This appears to be the		
most comprehensive record of our capabilities against Cuba for the 1963-1964		
timeframe. Numerous Cuban during the early		
1960s, including some Cuban military communications		
through NSA had an excellent capability		
to meet the SIGINT challenges of the 1960's. We had field sites in position to		
copy the signals of interest in Cuba, and those communication exchanges		
(TSC) Product reports based on the targeting of		
communications were reviewed by two members of my staff. Some of these		
reports were the result of targeting of communications between Havana and		
However, no records responsive to the John F. Kennedy		
Assassination Records Act of 1992 were located other than those already passed		
to the ARRB. There were no reflections in any of these products of any activity		
that might have been related to the assassination, only post-assassination		
reflections of U.S. political and protocol developments. NSA has approximately		
12 shin boxes [4 linear feet] of records.		
(S) In early December 1997 the ARRB staff was provided with the name		
and phone number of the U.S. Army Intelligence and Security Command		
(INSCOM) historian who has information regarding an Army Security Agency		
(ASA) collection site in during the 1963-1964 timeframe. The		
INSCOM historian is Jack Finnigan who can be reached on 703-706-2630.		
Mr. Finnigan advised us of information contained in an ASA unit history report		
that was written by J. Johnson. In addition, I understand that members of your		
staff met in December 1997 with Mr. Frederick Berghoff, former Chairman of		
the National SIGINT Committee (previously known as the USIB SIGINT		
Subcommittee), who provided the ARRB staff with his recollections of NSA		
activities regarding the Central and South American Regions in the early-1960s.		

(U) Question #2. What, if any, additional NSA capabilities were added to target communications sources within Cuba between November 1962 and the end of 1964? What information does NSA have on the targeting of communications sources within Cuba by CIA? Was there any liaison between NSA and CIA on this issue? NSA stated that it may have between six and twelve boxes of Cubarelated material. Of what do these records consist? May the ARRB staff examine these records?

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44 USC 2107(5)(g)(2)(D)(i)

	(TS-CCO) ANSWER: The records of the USIB SIGINT Subcommittee for
	the period November 1962 through 1964 were recently reviewed. No SIGINT
	Objectives were included in the SIGINT Subcommittee's objectives regarding
I	for the 1962-1964 timeframe. The August 1963 SIGINT Subcommittee
	record recaps SIGINT Objectives and the 5 and 18 November 1963 and the 10
	January 1964 records indicate that requirements to target Soviet forces in Cuba
	and were already receiving priority SIGINT coverage.
	The 2 December 1963 record appears to show a change in priorities because it
	presents "pertinent examples of actions underway or planned": 1) increase in
	intercept and more timely consolidated reporting on Cuban military problems,
	2) intercept and analysis of communications related toactivityseeking
	information on Cuban in particular., 3) A new attack on the problem
	of
I	4) Additional ship and airborne
	intercept of Cuban communications is planned, and 5) Increased efforts to
	develop information on the technical characteristics of the internal military and
	paramilitary communications countries.
	(TS-CCO) NSA collectors, based on their personal recollections, were
	alerted to put greater emphasis on Soviet Block and Cuban military targets to
	look for signs of increased readiness in their force posture. Analysts at NSA
	look for signs of increased readiness in their force posture. Analysts at NSA were also looking for signs of reactions to, and foreign intelligence
	look for signs of increased readiness in their force posture. Analysts at NSA were also looking for signs of reactions to, and foreign intelligence reporting on, the assassination. Any voice and cipher traffic was thoroughly
	look for signs of increased readiness in their force posture. Analysts at NSA were also looking for signs of reactions to, and foreign intelligence reporting on, the assassination. Any voice and cipher traffic was thoroughly processed from the surrounding timeframe. Analysts on targets that were
	look for signs of increased readiness in their force posture. Analysts at NSA were also looking for signs of reactions to, and foreign intelligence reporting on, the assassination. Any voice and cipher traffic was thoroughly

(S CCO) A review of the United States Intelligence Board (USIB) records held by NSA shows CIA and NSA top-level Agency cooperation/coordination on intelligence targeting via the USIB. However, according to recollections of individuals working at NSA in the mid 1960s, liaison between CIA and NSA for the 1962-1964 timeframe was limited and no record of CIA/NSA cooperation/ coordination at the working levels of the agencies was located. We searched for records of CIA targeting of Cuban communications, but no records were located. However, the USIB records make repeated reference to Committee on Overhead Reconnaissance (COMOR) Biweekly Report on High-Level Coverage of Cuba with the caveat that the information was distributed through restricted channels. Because we do not have copies of the COMOR reports, we are unable to determine if the tasking of these missions was limited to PHOTINT, or if SIGINT was also performed from the overhead vehicles. COMOR was the predecessor of the SIGINT Overhead Reconnaissance Subcommittee (SORS). The SORS committee is a subcommittee of the current U.S. SIGINT Committee. The Chairman of the SORS is Mr. John Berwin (phone number: 202-496-9828).

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44 USC 2107(5)(g)(2)(D)(i)

with Dr. Hall and members of the ARRB Staff in November 1997, these poxes referred to are records regarding
What records of this targeting and any results might still exist?
(TSC) ANSWER: For the timeframe 1960-1964 NSA targeted and was successful in collecting Cuban communications
<i>∶</i> : :
We maintain copies of SIGINT product reports, which are NSA
reports based on the intercept of communications, for this period. Those reports deemed responsive to the John F. Kennedy Assassination Records Act of 1992 have been forwarded to the ARRB.
(TS-GCO) Question #4. What policy recommendations from the time period 1960-64 might still exist which reflect NSA policy making or tasking on Cuban diplomatic or military communications outside of Cuba?
(U) ANSWER: As stated previously, the USIB SIGINT Subcommittee records show the objectives (requirements for targeting) and are available for review by ARRB members or staffers.
(S-CCO) Question #5. Are there any COMINT Board recommendations or tasking on the targeting of communications during the period 1963-1964? Does NSA have any other independent knowledge of these targets?
(S-CCO) ANSWER: No recommendation specific to was located, however, the USIB SIGINT subcommittee record of 2 December 1963 presents as one of the "pertinent examples of actions underway or planned:" "Increased efforts to develop information on the technical characteristics of the internal military and para military communications countries".

(TS-CCO) Question #6. Including all records of the COMINT Board, what records does NSA have that refer to the targeting of any Soviet	
were located. Our interest in and our capability	
against any targets in was very limited.	
(S-CCO) Question #7. Did NSA produce a Technical SIGINT Report (TSR) on	
capabilities in 1963?	
(S-CCO) ANSWER: A search for any Technical SIGINT Reports or similar documents was performed in January 1998 but no records documenting NSA's capabilities against target for the period 1960-1964 were located.	
(S-CCO) The ARRB staff was provided with the name and phone number of an INSCOM historian, Mr. Jack Finnigan (Phone Nr. 703-706-2630), who has information regarding an Army Security Agency collection site in during the 1963-1964 timeframe. In addition ARRB staff members met with Frederick Berghoff, the former Chairman of the National SIGINT Committee, to obtain some "recollections" from Mr. Berghoff regarding NSA's interest and capabilities regarding in 1963.	
(U) If you have any questions or need additional clarification regarding the information provided, please contact either Lee Schroyer or Claudia Collins of my staff on (301)688-6798	

Sincerely,

JOANN H. GRUBE Deputy Director of Policy